# **Instructor's Guide Quick Start**

The BookShark™ Instructor's Guide (IG) is designed to make your educational experience as easy as possible. We have carefully organized the materials to help you and your children get the most out of the subjects covered. If you need help reading your schedule, see "How to Use the Schedule" in **Section Four**.

This IG includes a 36-week schedule, notes, assignments, readings, and other educational activities. For specific organizational tips, topics and skills addressed, and other suggestions for the parent/teacher see **Section Three**. Here are some helpful features that you can expect from your IG.



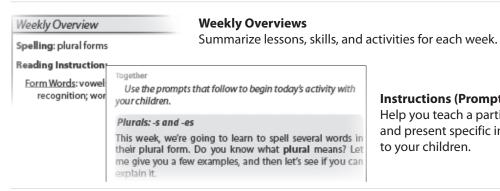
### Easy to use

Everything you need is located right after the schedule each week. If a note appears about a concept in a book, it's easy to find it right after the schedule based on the day the relevant reading is scheduled.



### 4-Day Schedule

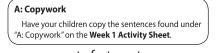
Designed to save one day a week for music lessons, sports, field trips, co-ops, or other extra-curricular activities.



### **Instructions (Prompts)**

Activity Sheet

Help you teach a particular skill and present specific information to your children.



### Copywork

Weekly passages prepare children to listen to, read, and copy good writing, while familiarizing them with basic technical skill and style.



### Rubrics

Methods to evaluate your children's writing, like rubrics, make measuring progress quick and easy.

### **Activity Sheets**

Activity Sheets follow each week's notes and are customized for each lesson to emphasize important points in fun ways. They are designed with different skills and interests in mind. You may want to file them in a separate binder for your student's use.

# Briefly explain how commas are used in each a) As a matter of fact, I would love to eat ice cream.

b) Natalia, would you like to dance with me?



Instructor's Guide Resources and New User Information

Don't forget to familiarize yourself with some of the great helps in **Section Three** and **Section Four** so you'll know what's there and can turn to it when needed.

Language Arts 2N		<b>W</b> EEK 1			SCHEDULE
Date:	<b>Day 1</b> 1	Day 2	<b>Day 3</b> 3	Day 4 4	Day 5 5
Spelling					
Spelling	Rule & Write	Pre-Test	Check	Post-Test	
Activity	Alphabetize				
Optional: MCP Phonics C	pp. 7–8	p. 9	p. 10	pp. 11–12	
Handwriting					
Readers					
The Secret Valley	chap. 1	chap. 2	chap. 3	chap. 4	
Vocabulary Develo	pment				
Optional: Wordly Wise B				True or False 1 pp. 2–4	
<b>Creative Expression</b>	<u> </u>				
	A: Copywork 1	B: Copywork Application	C: Writing with Diamond Notes	D: Writing with Diamond Notes	
Other Notes					
	O	ptional books are so	old separately.		

### Weekly Overview

### **Spelling/Phonics:**

**Skill**: Consonants

Alphabetize: Alphabetize spelling words

### **Creative Expression:**

**Copywork Application: Prepositions** 

Writing with Diamond Notes: Group items according

to a topic

Writing with Diamond Notes: Determine which items fit within a category

# Day 1

### Spelling

We recommend you use the methods Rule & Write, Pre-Test, Check, and Post-Test to teach your children to spell. If your children are quick memorizers, don't follow our pattern. If you have a better way—or a way that works—use it!

These daily exercises should take absolutely no more than 15 minutes.

We offer spelling activity suggestions each week to strengthen spelling practice. If your children spell easily, feel free to skip activities as appropriate. In copywork

exercises, notice words your children misspell and then use those words to reinforce or review a rule they have already learned. However, don't feel that your children have to remember everything perfectly all at once. They will get extensive review as they continue to write in years to come.

### **Rule & Write**

Read the rule; talk it through; look at the list of words. Have your children write the words on a large whiteboard or chalkboard. (Somehow, especially in the early grades, children seem to respond well to being able to print using big strokes. Perhaps it is the freedom they feel when they are able to use their large rather than fine motor skills. Many parents have mentioned that their children also enjoy the semi-"public" nature of being able to print on a board.)

### Overview

Rule: Consonants can appear at the beginning, middle, or end of words.

Words: fish, bird, zebra, deer, tiger, camel, glove, dragon, jar, ruler

### **Together**

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Consonants**

Consonants are all of the letters that aren't vowels. They are the letters that make us close our lips, teeth, or tongue when we make their sounds. Think about the letters in your first name. Which ones are consonants?

Sometimes two consonants work together to make one new sound, like /ch/ or /th/, and sometimes you'll find two or three consonants in a row that all keep their own sound like /br/ in the word brown or /spl/ in the word splash.

Can you think of a word that begins with a consonant? How about one that ends with a consonant? And can you think of one that has a consonant in the middle?

### **Activity** | Alphabetize

Have your children write the spelling words in alphabetical order.

### **Optional:** *MCP Phonics C* | pp. 7–8

p. 7		
<b>1.</b> cup (Cc)	<b>2.</b> gold (Gg)	<b>3.</b> pie (Pp)
<b>4.</b> bird (Bb)	5. volcano (Vv)	<b>6.</b> house (Hh)
<b>7.</b> deer (Dd)	<b>8.</b> jar (Jj)	<b>9.</b> fish (Ff)
<b>10.</b> ladder (Ll)	<b>11.</b> zebra (Zz)	<b>12.</b> tooth (Tt)
13. window (Ww)	<b>14.</b> map (Mm)	<b>15.</b> ruler (Rr)
16. sandwich (Ss)		

- p. 8
- 1. Quinns were summer vacation
- 2. were Washington seven
- 3. Susan wanted visit
- 4. Zack wait see Vincent Sally
- 5. said would Washington
- 6. was sure would sail
- 7. whole wanted visit zoo
- 8. Zack said zebra was very
- 9. sister wanted see wolf with yellow
- 10. Soon was Ouinns

### Handwriting

Choose the program you prefer, then use the line in your weekly schedule to record what your children do.

We offer and recommend Handwriting Without Tears for your handwriting program. If you would like help scheduling any of the levels we offer, please go to www.bookshark.com/handwriting-schedules.

### Readers

**Note:** If you are using the Language Arts Guide along with our History Guide, please disregard the Readers schedule and notes in the HIstory Guide and use the notes provided in this guide.

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapter 1

A wagon train, 1849, and California during the Gold Rush.

### Overview

After traveling to California, the Davis family pans for gold. Months go by with no luck, so, on the tip of friendly Father John, the family travels to the Secret Valley. They find no gold there, but decide to stay anyway, in the beautiful, peaceful setting.

### To Discuss After You Read

- Q: What does everyone in the family want?
- A: Ellen wants a garden with flowers and food plants; Frank wants land with good grass for sheep and cows; Mother wants a house with a good roof and glass windows; Father wants to find gold, to pay for his family's wishes
- Q: Will the family travel to California on their own?
- A: no, they go with a wagon train, so the families can help one another

**Note:** The Timeline and Map Activities are included for those using BookShark's History program. Please refer to Section Four of your History Instructor's Guide for instructions on how to complete these activities. The map answer key is located just before the Week 1 Schedule.

### **Timeline and Map Activities**

Missouri River (E7); California (E1); Sutter's Mill (D1); St. Joseph, Missouri (D7) (map 1)

### Vocabulary Development

Our vocabulary development program is based on and ties in with our History programs' Read-Alouds. You will find all the words and instructions for Vocabulary Development in your History Instructor's Guide.

If you'd like more practice, we recommend the *Wordly Wise* program. We schedule this optional workbook for you starting on Day 4 of this week.

### **Creative Expression**

### **General Creative Expression Instruction**

BookShark's Language Arts program is based on the "natural learning approach. "Natural" or "integrated" learning means students learn by discovery. They observe, analyze and then seek to imitate what they have seen a master wordsmith do before them. For more information see "BookShark's Language Arts Philosophy" located in **Section Three.** 

The Creative Expression assignments will follow the format below for all 36 weeks of the year. We describe each day in further detail below.

Day 1 | A: Copywork

Day 2 | B: Mechanics Practice

Day 3 | C: Pre-Writing

Day 4 | D: Writing

### Day 1 A: Copywork

On Day 1, your child will write the primary copywork passage on the Activity Sheet located directly after each week's Notes. After your children write the passage, have them evaluate their handwriting, circling those words they think are formed the best. (This exercise ensures that it is not you who is judging their writing ability, but that they are evaluating their own success at controlling their hand movements.) Then, discuss it with them. Review their handwriting, looking at formation, neatness, and spacing. Show them where they have done well and where they can improve. Also point out any interesting things you see in the passage. Use the time to reinforce any lessons learned previously.

A second, optional copywork passage is included in the Notes, to use at your discretion. Although we schedule some writing each day, we understand that there are some days when your children will feel ... well, let's just say "uninspired." On these days, just assign one of the extra copywork passages we provide on Day 1. Alternatively, you can use the optional copywork passage for additional practice similar to the primary passage.

### **About Copywork**

Copywork forms a cornerstone of the natural approach to learning language. Brilliant writers like Jack London and Ben Franklin used the natural approach to hone their considerable skills.

Is copywork really necessary? Our answer is an unqualified "yes!" In our experience, workbooks don't do a very good job of teaching children how to write effectively. To overcome this limitation, BookShark™ Language Arts programs help your children learn to write well by giving them regular opportunities to listen to good writing, look at good writing, copy good writing, and then finally write on their own.

Copywork builds the foundation for dictation, which your children will begin in third grade. It also provides valuable handwriting practice, as well as wonderful opportunities to explore writing mechanics, such as capitalization, punctuation, and other basic grammar skills that come from careful examination of good writing models. You will be amazed at how quickly your children will develop basic technical skills, including correct sentence structure and spelling. They will also begin to learn cadence and style.

### Day 2 B: Mechanics Practice

On Day 2 of each week, we offer a brief introduction to one grammatical or mechanical topic, based on a copywork passage or other similar example sentence. This year, your children will work through three basic groups of skills: Sentence Basics (nouns, verbs, adjectives, etc.), Building Blocks of Sentences (phrases, clauses, simple and compound sentences, etc.), and Mechanics (punctuation, capitalization, etc.). The "Weekly Overview" table, located at the beginning of the Day 1 Notes, lists the skills covered each week. For a 36-week progression of topics and skills studied this year in Language Arts, see our Schedule of Topics and Skills, located in **Section Three**.

### Day 3 | C: Pre-Writing

On Day 3 of each week, we have your children prepare to write on Day 4 by answering questions we provide on the Activity Sheets and/or by doing some light research with your assistance.

### Day 4 D: Writing

On Day 4 of each week, your children will use their notes from Day 3 to write their assignment. Each week focuses on a different type of writing such as Imaginative, Critical Thinking, Descriptive and more. To see all of the writing assignments your children will cover this year, see our Schedule of Topics and Skills, located in **Section Three**.

### **Activity Sheets**

Find the copywork passage and other exercises immediately after the Notes. If a day's assignment requires answers, you'll find them here in the Notes. If you like, feel free to put all the Activity Sheets in separate binder for your children to use. Use blank paper for the optional copywork passages.

What to expect and what to demand: initially, your children may not be able to think of much more than a few sentences for any one assignment. That's okay. As they develop their abilities, their stories will get longer. Your main goal, anyway, is not to encourage your children to churn out pages and pages of words, but to put a paper together in a logical order and think creatively. One of the greatest lessons you want them to learn is that making up stories and communicating new ideas is fun.

By and large, we believe these assignments should be quick and relatively easy. Unless your children are clearly dragging their feet, don't make any of the assignments last more than fifteen minutes to a half hour. If your children want to spend more time, don't discourage them! But certainly don't require longer periods of work.

Helpful Hint: Whenever possible, have your children think of a real person who might enjoy receiving a copy of their creation. When the assignment has been completed, photocopy it and send the copy to that person so he or she can enjoy what your children have written! (This adds additional motivation to do a good job.) If they have written to Grandma, make sure Grandma receives it. In addition, you may also want to read it to the rest of the family so they can hear and appreciate their accomplishment, as well. Let your children know that their stories are appreciated. For more suggestions on how to get your children to write well, go to <a href="https://www.bookshark.com/write-well">www.bookshark.com/write-well</a>.

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### A: Copywork 1

Copywork forms a cornerstone of the natural approach to learning language. Brilliant writers like Jack London and Ben Franklin used the natural approach to hone their considerable skills. Have your children look at the copywork passage and duplicate it.

On each copywork assignment, have your children review their handwriting. Circle well-constructed letters and underline letters to improve upon.

Have your children write the copywork passage "A: Copywork 1" found on the **Week 1 Activity Sheet**.

### **Optional: Copywork 2**<sup>1</sup>

Back of the town was a high hill. The sun was coming up behind it. On top of the hill was a long line of covered wagons. Some had horses hitched to them. Some had mules, and others had oxen.

### Day 2

### Spelling

### **Pre-Test**

### Give the Pre-Test

Read the words out loud, slowly and distinctly, permitting your children enough time to write each word.

Have your children spell the written word back to you. If they misspell one, have your children immediately rewrite the correct spelling.

### After the Pre-Test

After spelling all of the words, make sure your children rewrite any misspelled words correctly five times. If they need to copy the misspelled word(s), that is fine. We seek mastery.

If your children misspell a word, talk it through: is there a rule they ignored? Is there a pattern they can use to remember to spell the word correctly in the future?

See if your children can bring up misspelled words later during the day to keep them front of mind. This is not to "punish" your children, but to help them remember.

**Words:** fish, bird, zebra, deer, tiger, camel, glove, dragon, jar, ruler

### **Optional:** *MCP Phonics C* | p. 9

1. balloon (I)	2. ladder (d)	3. letter (t)
<b>4.</b> wagon (g)	<b>5.</b> slippers (p)	6. hammer (m)
<b>7.</b> zipper (p)	8. mitten (t)	<b>9.</b> camel (m)
<b>10.</b> parrot (r)	<b>11.</b> dragon (g)	<b>12.</b> seven (v)
<b>13.</b> spider (d)	<b>14.</b> tiger (g)	<b>15.</b> button (t)
<b>16.</b> radio (d)		

### Readers

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapter 2

### To Discuss After You Read

Q: Were the Indians kind?

A: yes—they wanted to trade, but since the settlers didn't want to trade, the settlers fed the Indians instead

### **Creative Expression**

### **B: Copywork Application**

### **☆** Prepare in Advance

If you like, write the following sentences on the board before you begin the lesson:

Katie jumped up.

He left his guitar beside the piano.

<sup>1.</sup> Clyde Robert Bulla, *The Secret Valley* (New York: Harper Trophy, 1977), 6.

If you're new to prepositions and prepositional phrases, read through today's lesson ahead of time so you're clear about what you're going to discuss with your children.

### Overview

Introduce **prepositions** and **prepositional phrases** with your children today.

### Together

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Prepositions and Prepositional Phrases**

Read yesterday's copywork sentence out loud to me. In this part of the story, where was the kitten? (between Frank and Ellen) The word between is a **preposition**. Prepositions tell us where, when, or how something takes place. Prepositions also indicate a direction or position. For example:

Katie jumped up.

Which way did Katie jump? (up) Up is a preposition.

He left his guitar beside the piano.

Where did he leave his guitar? (beside the piano). Beside is a preposition.

A **prepositional phrase** is a preposition, its object (a noun or pronoun) and the words in between that modify the object. Write on the board:

prepositional phrase = preposition + (modifiers) + noun/ pronoun

Often prepositional phrases contain adjectives and adverbs that modify the noun or pronoun. These adjectives and adverbs are called modifiers. Let's unpack what this means.

Write on the board, underneath the right hand side of "equation" you'd written previously:

over the bridge

"Over the bridge" is a prepositional phrase. Can you find the noun in this phrase? (bridge) Underline "noun/pronoun" in your equation and then underline **bridge**.

Okay, so which word tells us more about direction or position? (over) Right! Over is the preposition. Draw an arrow like the one above that points to **over**.

All that's left in this prepositional phrase is the modifier the. The is a special word called an **article** that basically just helps to point out the *bridge*. It's not just any bridge, its the bridge. But let's get back to prepositional phrases.

We can have any number of modifiers (or describing words) in a prepositional phrase. In other words, we can use as many words to describe the bridge in this prepositional phrase, and it will still be just one phrase, because it starts with a preposition and ends with a noun—or the object of the preposition. So a prepositional phrase could say:

Write on the board:

over the old bridge

over the creaky old bridge

Prepositional phrases almost always serve as adjectives or adverbs in a sentence, and therefore help describe nouns and verbs. If you have trouble finding the prepositions in a sentence, look for words or phrases that add description or detail to the sentence.

Let's look at the copywork passage again. You found the preposition – beside. What is the prepositional phrase? (beside them) Good! Finally, there are four prepositions that do not indicate direction or position. They are:

Write on the board:

of for by with

Instead, these prepositions indicate a logical relationship between things. For example:

Will you go with me?

I did it by myself.

### Activity

Below "B: Copywork Application" on the **Week 1 Activity Sheet**, have your children create phrases about the kitten using the prepositions given (beside, in, on, under, and alongside). For an added challenge, ask your children to use sentence variety, so not every answer is a simple sentence beginning with "The kitten..."

Be sure your children don't confuse the preposition "beside", which means next to, with the word "besides", which has multiple meanings and parts of speech.

(The answers will vary, but your children may write things like, "The kitten was beside the chair. The kitten was in the basket. The kitten was on the roof. The kitten was under my bed. or The kitten slept alongside me.")

## Day 3

### Spelling

### Check

If there were any misspelled words yesterday, then make up a sentence (or sentences) in which that word (or those words) appear and have your children write the sentence(s). Again, check for accurate spelling. If the spelling words were misspelled, then have them rewrite them again, accurately, five times each. If your children didn't miss any words yesterday, then see if you can come up with "silly sentences" that include as many of the week's words as possible, and have them write these sentences.

**Words:** fish, bird, zebra, deer, tiger, camel, glove, dragon, jar, ruler

### Optional: MCP Phonics C | p. 10

1. baby 2. city 3. tiger 4. beaver 5. leopard 6. lizard

7. camel 8. waved

### Readers

### The Secret Valley | Chapter 3

### To Discuss After You Read

- Q: Did the settlers have enough to eat?
- A: yes—they had buffalo meat and fish, and once even wild strawberries
- Q: Why were Frank and Ellen thirsty?
- A: they crossed the desert and there was not enough water for the animals and the people

### **Creative Expression**

### **C: Writing with Diamond Notes**

### **Prepare** in Advance

Diamond Notes will help your children gather and organize their thoughts. We will introduce Diamond Notes over the next five weeks and then use it throughout the rest of the curriculum.

In Section Three of this guide, you'll find an introduction to Diamond Notes, a list of needed supplies, reproducible pages, and instructions for teaching the five miniunits. Please read over this section, at least through Unit 1, Lesson 1 before starting your instruction today.

For today's lesson, you will need:

- · 3 copies of Diamond A (page 31) or Activity Sheet 1
- Drawing supplies
- Pictures from magazines (optional)
- Glue (optional)

### Overview

Group items according to a topic.

### **Together**

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Filling the Bases**

Today, I'll show you a writing tool that you will be using during the year to organize your ideas and improve your writing. It's called Diamond Notes.

Show your children a blank Diamond A.

Can you see why it's called Diamond Notes? (it looks like a baseball diamond) That's right, but you don't have to know too much about baseball, or even like that sport to use this tool for your writing. It's just a picture that helps you figure out where to start and where to go next.

In baseball, the action begins on the pitcher's mound. That's here in the center of the diamond. That's where you'll write your topic. If I was going to write about holidays, I would write the word holidays here in the center, the pitcher's mound. That's the topic.

Next I need to fill the bases by thinking of three holidays I could write about. I'll put "Thanksgiving" on first base, because that's my favorite holiday. For now, I can just draw a picture of a turkey instead of writing. Can you help me think of two more holidays for my bases? Draw icons for the two holidays your children suggest.

Great! That's it - today we're just practicing thinking about a topic and filling the bases with ideas that fit the topic. Now, even though we're getting ready for writing, you're going to focus more on your thinking today. That means that when you have an idea, you can choose to write it, or you can draw a picture. Your thinking should be about how to fill the bases with ideas about the topic.

Today, let's start with the topic "sports". Write the word "sports" on the pitcher's mound. Note that page 7 of the Diamond Notes section addresses what to do if your child is not interested in a certain topic.

Since the topic is sports, you should think of three different sports. Write or draw one sport on first base, a different one on second base, and a third one on third base.

You've got two more to do and the next diamonds will be about tools and shapes. Do you have any questions before you continue on with the next two diamonds?

### Activity

Have your children fill in the diamonds on the Week 1 Activity Sheet according to the directions in Lesson 1 under "C: Writing with Diamond Notes." If your children prefer a larger diamond than what we provide on the Activity Sheet, photocopy the reproducible full-page Diamond A on page 31 of the Diamond Notes in Section Three, but have them ignore home plate.

### Day 4

### Spelling

### **Post-Test**

### **Give the Post-Test**

- Read the words out loud, slowly and distinctly, permitting your children enough time to write each word.
- Have your children spell the written word back to you. 2.
- If they misspell one, have your children immediately rewrite the correct spelling.

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### After the Post-Test

- After spelling all of the words, make sure your children rewrite any misspelled words correctly five times.
- If your children have any misspellings, carry them over to the following week.

**Words:** fish, bird, zebra, deer, tiger, camel, glove, dragon, jar, ruler

Optional: MCP Phonics C | pp. 11–12

p. 11

1. (coat) (nest) leaf (heart) 2. (milk) bed (clock) (desk)

**3.** glass (top) (lamp) (cap) **4.** yak

4. yak (six) fly (box)

5. (hill) star (pencil) (bell)

p. 12

**1.** bus **2.** cap **3.** bag **4.** ham **5.** pen **6.** map

**7.** cat **8.** bed

### Readers

### The Secret Valley | Chapter 4

To Discuss After You Read

Q: What is a tent city?

A: a town where most of the people live in tents

### Vocabulary Development

**Optional:** Wordly Wise B | True or False 1, pp. 2–4

### Creative Expression

### **D: Writing with Diamond Notes**

### **☆** Prepare in Advance

Read through Unit 1, Lesson 2 in the Diamond Notes section before starting today's lesson. You will need:

- 4 copies of Diamond A (page 31) or Activity Sheet 1
- Cut-out sheet (page 37)
- Scissors
- Glue

**Note:** If you choose to make copies of Diamond A, have your children ignore the home plate.

### Overview

Determine which items fit within a category.

### Together

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### Who's on First?

Today, we'll be working with Diamond Notes again, and since we're really focusing on your thinking rather than writing just yet, we'll use some cut-out pictures. Do you remember from yesterday where we begin Diamond Notes? (on the pitcher's mound) Yes, and what goes on the pitcher's mound? (the topic) Great. What about the bases? How do you figure out what goes there? (ideas that belong within the topic)

Suppose my topic is "animals". Would this idea belong on one of the bases? Show the picture of the elephant. (yes) Why? (because an elephant is an animal, so it fits the topic). And what about this idea? Show the picture of the pineapple. (no) Why not? (because it's not an animal, so it doesn't fit the topic)

It sounds like you have the hang of it. Let's try some grouping where you choose the ideas that fit each topic and glue them to the diamond.

### Activity

Have your children complete the diamonds under "D: Writing with Diamond Notes" of the **Week 1 Activity Sheet** according to the directions in Lesson 2. You will need to work with your children throughout this task, presenting them with the right (and wrong) picture options for each diamond. See Diamond Notes page 9 for more information and options for making this activity more challenging. If your children prefer a larger diamond than what we provide on the Activity Sheet, photocopy the reproducible full-page Diamond A on page 31 of the Diamond Notes in **Section Three**.

### **How to Evaluate This Assignment**

This week's assignment was likely a fun, non-threatening way to lay the groundwork for great writing this year. You won't be evaluating your children's writing like usual this week, since they mainly worked with pictures. However, don't underestimate the importance of their understanding of Diamond Notes so far! If your children are easily able to identify a topic and group ideas within that topic, they are well on their way to outlining more challenging writing assignments.

Use the rubric below to help you evaluate this week's assignment. Feel free to adjust our rubric to meet the individual needs of your children. ■

Sample Rubric for Grouping Ideas					
Key: Excelle	ed: <b>√</b> +	Met Expectation: ✓	In Progress: $\rightarrow$		
Thinking					
	Produ	ced ideas that fit withi	n a given topic		
		ied given ideas that d	o and do not		
	Identif	ied a topic based on i	deas given		



### A: Copywork 1<sup>1</sup>

He helped Mrs. Davis into the wagon and sat on the seat beside her. Frank and Ellen sat in the back, with the kitten between them.

### **B: Copywork Application**

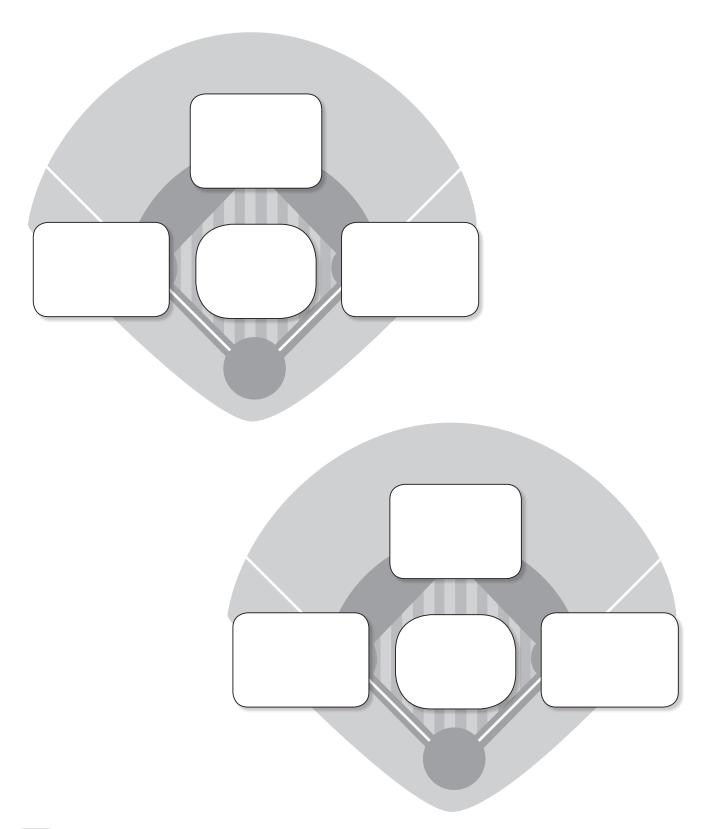
Make up sentences about the kitten using these prepositions below, one per sentence.

- 1. beside \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. in\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. on\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. under \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. alongside \_\_\_\_\_

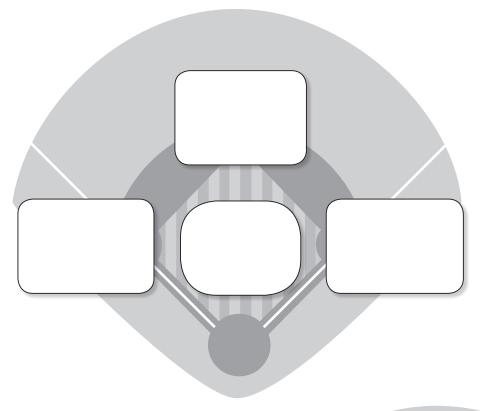
<sup>1.</sup> Clyde Robert Bulla, *The Secret Valley* (New York: Harper Trophy, 1977), 4.

# **C:** Writing with Diamond Notes



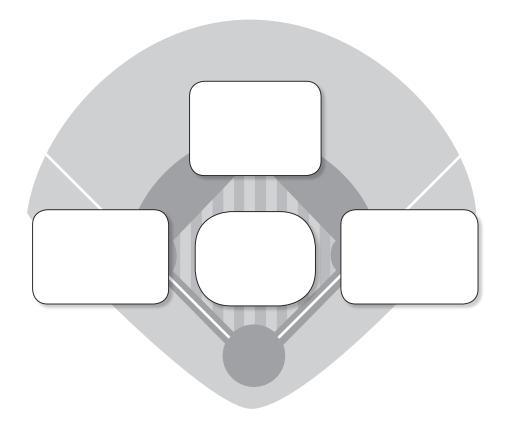


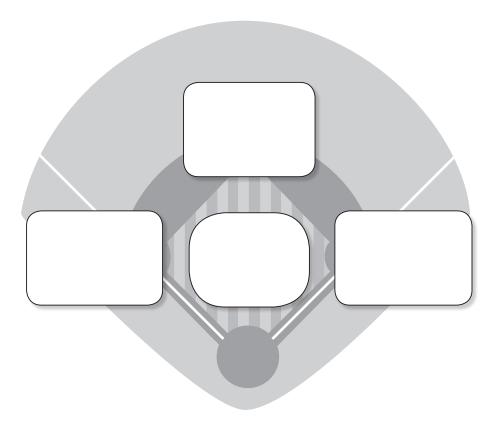






# D: Writing with Diamond Notes (cont.)





Language Arts 2N		Week 2	2		Schedule	
Date:	Day 1 6	Day 2	Day 3 8	Day 4 9	Day 5 10	
Spelling						
Spelling	Rule & Write	Pre-Test	Check	Post-Test		
Activity	Sound Lists					
Optional: MCP Phonics C	pp. 13–14	p. 15	p. 16	pp. 17–18		
Handwriting	<u> </u>					
Readers						
The Secret Valley	chap. 5	chap. 6	chaps. 7–8	chap. 9		
Vocabulary Develo	pment			·		
Optional: Wordly Wise B				Hidden Message 1 p. 5		
<b>Creative Expression</b>	n					
	A: Copywork 1	B: Copywork Application	C: Writing with Diamond Notes	D: Writing with Diamond Notes		
Other Notes						

### Weekly Overview

## **Spelling/Phonics:**

Skill: Hard/soft c, hard/soft g

Sound Lists: Sort words according to consonant sound

### **Creative Expression:**

**Copywork Application:** Adjectives, homophones

Writing with Diamond Notes: Rank items in order

of importance

Writing with Diamond Notes: Rank items with words

# Day 1

## Spelling

### **Rule & Write**

### Overview

**Rule:** When the letter **c** or **g** is followed by the vowels **a**, **o**, or **u**, it has a hard sound. Hard **c** has a /k/ sound as in camel. When the letter **c** or **g** is followed by **e**, **i**, or **y**, it usually has a soft sound. Soft **c** has an /s/ sound as in cyclone. Soft **g** has the /j/ sound as in gentle.



Words: came, palace, cover, decide, cymbal, page, gate, leg, huge, magic

### **Together**

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Hard and Soft Consonants**

You know that consonants are the letters that make a closed-mouth sound, as opposed to the vowels (a, e, i, o, u, y) that make an open-mouth sound. Today we'll take a close look at two consonants, c and g, that can be a little tricky.

What sound does the letter c make? (/s/ or /k/) And what about the letter g? (/g/ or /j/) These letters sometimes sound like other letters, which can make spelling a challenge, but there is a pattern that they follow. Write the words call, corn, cut. What do you notice about the c sound in these words? (It sounds like k) That's called a hard c. Write the words gap, go, gum. What do you notice about the g sound in these words? (It sounds like /g/) That's called a hard g. If you look at the vowels in these words, you'll see that the hard c and hard g are followed by the vowels a, o, and u. That's a pattern that holds true for most words, even when the c and q don't come at the beginning of the word.

Write the words cent, city, cyberspace. What do you notice about the c sound in these words? (It sounds like s) That's called a soft c. Write the words germ, gist, gym. What do you notice about the g sound in these words? (It sounds like i) That's called a soft q. If you look at the vowels in these words, you'll see that the soft c and soft q are followed by the vowels e, i, and y. That's a pattern that holds true for most words, even when the c and g don't come at the beginning of the word.

Can you think of a word with a hard c? A hard g? A soft c? A soft *g*?

### **Activity** | Sound Lists

Write your spelling words in four lists according to their sound (hard c, hard g, soft c, soft g). (came, cover; gate, leg; palace, decide, cymbal; page, huge, magic)

Optional: MCP Phonics C | pp. 13–14

p. 13

hard c: actor carriage cub doctor candy coat cattle corn cow decorate

**soft c:** cinema pencil celery cymbal grocery price cellar decide palace recess

p. 14

**1.** page-engine, flag-gam

2. figure-gold, large-giraffe

**3.** orange-gym, sugar-organ **4.** gutter-ago, pigeon-arrange

hard g: game flag figure gold sugar organ gutter ago soft g: page engine orange gym large giraffe pigeon arrange

### Readers

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapter 5

To Discuss After You Read

Q: Where does Nugget go? Why?

A: the children let Miss Polly take the cat to Miss Polly's younger sister; her sister was sick and missed her cat, the children thought Nugget would encourage her

### **Creative Expression**

### A: Copywork 1

Have your children write the copywork passage "A: Copywork 1" found on the Week 2 Activity Sheet.

### Optional: Copywork 21

Sometimes the air was full of bugs. They were big, brown bugs. They flew into the wagon. The cat patted them with his paws.

### Day 2

### Spelling

### **Pre-Test**

Complete today's spelling lesson the same way you completed "Pre-Test" in Week 1. See the Week 1 Notes for more information.

Words: came, palace, cover, decide, cymbal, page, gate, leg, huge, magic

### Optional: MCP Phonics C | p. 15

soft c:	ice	lace	fancy	rice	center	celery
	city	face	dance	ceiling	police	fence
	place	nice				
soft g:	gym	giant	large	huge	rage	general
	judge	page	engine	stage	magic	bridge
	giraffe	gem				

1. good Carol's	2. guests came costumes
3. detective crimes	4. colorful gown wig
<b>5.</b> tricks juggled cans	6. games sack
<b>7.</b> Carol's gave cake cream	8. Carol gasped cards
<b>9.</b> Curtis gave goldfish	10. Gary cat closely
11. could catch	12. Gary carried

<sup>1.</sup> Clyde Robert Bulla, The Secret Valley (New York: Harper Trophy, 1977), 22.

### Readers

### The Secret Valley | Chapter 6

To Discuss After You Read

- Q: Why are there many ships in San Francisco?
- A: the sailors all jumped ship so they could look for gold
- Q: How did Mr. Davis stake his claim?
- A: he left his shovel overnight; as long as his shovel stays at the site, people know to let him be

### **Timeline and Map Activities**

San Francisco (E1) (map 1)

### **Creative Expression**

### **B: Copywork Application**

**Prepare** in Advance

If you like, write the following words on the board before you begin the lesson:

piece

wood

their

### Overview

Introduce adjectives and homophones to your children today.

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Adjectives and Homophones**

### Part 1: Adjectives are Descriptive Words

Think about tree branches. How do they feel? (hard, sharp, rough). In yesterday's copywork, Frank and Ellen brought pine branches to their mother to make beds. The word pine is important, as it lets the reader know the branches are soft evergreen branches and not the uncomfortable ones we might think of if we thought of the branches on a deciduous tree.

Descriptive words, or adjectives, can change someone's thinking. Listen to the difference adjectives make in these sentences:

My friend gave me a glass of milk. / My friend gave me a glass of sour milk. / My friend gave me a glass of icecold milk.

My brother beat me at basketball. / My 14-year-old brother beat me at basketball. / My three-year-old brother beat me at basketball.

The mouse sat on the dinner table. / The pet mouse sat on the dinner table. / The rabid mouse sat on the dinner table.

In each of the examples, changing one word or word group changes the sentence's meaning drastically. You'll want to use adjectives in your own writing to help readers understand your message clearly.

### **Part 2: Homophones**

Notice the words pieces, wood, and their in the copywork passage. These words are homophones and non-careful writers can confuse them. Homophones are words that sound alike, may or may not be spelled alike, but do not mean the same thing.

Piece is a part of something and peace (write the word peace), which sounds the same, means calmness or no fighting. Wood stands for material from a tree, and would (write the word would) asks for permission. Their shows ownership, there (write the word there) is a location, and they're (write the word they're) is a contraction of they are.

### Activity

For practice with adjectives, help your children fill in the blanks on "B: Copywork Application" on the Week 2 **Activity Sheet** with descriptive words that will make the prompts sound either good or bad.

### Week 2 Activity Sheet Answer Key

Possible answers include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Cookie (good): chocolate, yummy, delicious, prize-winning
- 2. Cookie (bad): salty, stale, old, broccoli-flavored
- 3. Book (good): exciting, interesting, fun, pretty
- 4. Book (bad): torn, moldy, boring, dusty
- 5-6. Answers will vary.

### Day 3

### Spelling

### Check

Complete today's spelling lesson the same way you completed "Check" in Week 1. See the Week 1 Notes for more information.

**Words:** came, palace, cover, decide, cymbal, page, gate, leg, huge, magic

### **Optional:** *MCP Phonics C* | p. 16

<b>1.</b> gift	<b>2.</b> game	<b>3.</b> race
<b>4.</b> face	<b>5.</b> tag	<b>6.</b> call
7. center	<b>8.</b> judge	<b>9.</b> card
<b>10.</b> hug	<b>11.</b> gym	<b>12.</b> huge

Phrase: ice cream

### Readers

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapters 7–8

To Discuss After You Read

- Q: What does Frank find in the river? [chap. 7]
- A: a large gold nugget
- Q: How did Mr. Davis spend his nugget? [chap. 8]
- A: he paid the men who helped him work

### **Creative Expression**

### **C: Writing with Diamond Notes**

**Prepare** in Advance

Read over Unit 2, Lesson 1 of Diamond Notes (in **Section Three**) before starting your instruction today.

For today's lesson, you will need:

- 3 copies of Diamond A (page 31) or use the Week 2 Activity Sheet
- Drawing supplies

**Note:** If you choose to make copies of Diamond A, have your children ignore the home plate.

### Overview

Rank items in order of importance.

### Together

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Choosing the Lineup**

Today, we'll keep using Diamond Notes with pictures, rather than words, to make sure you have the hang of it. Besides writing a topic on the pitcher's mound and filling the bases with ideas, you'll also rank the ideas in order. The

most important idea will go on first base (the one to the right), the second most important idea goes on second base (the one at the top), and the third most important idea goes on third base (the one to the left).

Today, we'll start with an easy topic—your favorite colors. Write the words "favorite colors" on the pitcher's mound. Note that page 7 of the Diamond Notes section addresses what to do if your child is not interested in a certain topic.

Choose your very favorite color and use it to color first base. Use your second-favorite color to color second base, and so on.

You've got two more diamonds to do, making sure to rank your ideas in order of importance. The topics will be "favorite foods" and "favorite toys" and you can draw pictures to show your ideas. Do you have any questions before you continue on with the next two diamonds?

### Activity

Have your children fill in the diamonds under "C: Writing with Diamond Notes" on the **Week 2 Activity Sheet** according to the directions in Lesson 1. If your children prefer a larger diamond than what we provide on the Activity Sheet, photocopy the reproducible full-page Diamond A on page 31 of Diamond Notes in **Section Three**.

### Day 4

### Spelling

### **Post-Test**

Complete today's spelling lesson the same way you completed "Post-Test" in Week 1. See the Week 1 Notes for more information.

**Words:** came, palace, cover, decide, cymbal, page, gate, leg, huge, magic

### Optional: MCP Phonics C | pp. 17–18

**Note:** On page 17 the book has Hard g listed twice. The first one should say Hard c (for numbers 3 and 7).

p.	1	7

1. cement	<b>2.</b> gym	3. candy	<b>4.</b> game
<b>5.</b> price	<b>6.</b> page	<b>7.</b> corn	8. guess
9. balloon	10. cement	11. dragon	12. lizard
<b>13.</b> ruler	<b>14.</b> seven	15. parrot	<b>16.</b> zipper
<b>17.</b> radio	18. balloon	<b>19.</b> cement	<b>20.</b> dragon
<b>21.</b> leaf	22. lizard	<b>23.</b> ruler	<b>24.</b> seven
25. parrot	<b>26.</b> zipper		

p. 18

Answers will vary.

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### Readers

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapter 9

To Discuss After You Read

- Q: What are Mr. and Mrs. Davis' thoughts about where they live?
- A: Mrs. Davis knows that not everyone finds gold; Mr. Davis continues to hope that he will be one of the fortunate ones

### Vocabulary Development

### Optional: Wordly Wise B | Hidden Message 1, p. 5

1. manhole	2. tackle	3. calendar
4. barrel	<b>5.</b> tackle	<b>6.</b> dart
7. batch	8. serpent	9. satchel
<b>10.</b> dart	<b>11.</b> tackle	12. barrel

Older and tireder.

### Creative Expression

### **D: Writing with Diamond Notes**

### **Prepare** in Advance

Read through Unit 2, Lesson 2 in the Diamond Notes section before starting today's lesson. You will need:

• 4 copies of Diamond A (page 31) or use the Week 2 **Activity Sheet** 

Note: If you choose to make copies of Diamond A, have your children ignore the home plate.

Use words to rank items in order of importance.

### **Together**

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **The Write Way**

Take a look at this blank Diamond. Show me where the topic goes. (pitcher's mound) And what about the most important idea? (first base) The second most important idea? (second base) And what goes here? Point to third base. (The third most important idea)

Now that you're getting the hang of Diamond Notes, you'll start using words instead of pictures. For this first diamond, your topic will be "favorite ice cream flavors." Write that on the pitcher's mound. Now think of your very favorite number one ice cream flavor. Write it on first base. Remember, this isn't a spelling test! It's just about getting your ideas down so you can read them later. Now finish second and third base with your second-favorite and third-favorite ice cream flavors.

Remember as you work today to write your ideas in order of importance. Your next two diamonds will be about "favorite subjects" and "favorite snacks."

### Activity

Have your children complete the diamonds under "D: Writing with Diamond Notes" on the Week 2 Activity Sheet according to the directions in Lesson 2. If your children prefer a larger diamond than what we provide on the Activity Sheet, photocopy the reproducible full-page Diamond A on page 31 of the Diamond Notes located in Section Three.

### How to Evaluate This Assignment

Once again, this week's assignments were more about understanding Diamond Notes than doing extensive writing. At this point, your children should understand how to list items within a topic in order of importance. Even though they used "favorites" this week, they will transition to topics that depend on importance of ideas rather than preference. From now on, your children will write, rather than draw, their ideas on Diamond Notes.

Use the rubric below to help you evaluate this week's assignment. Feel free to adjust our rubric to meet the individual needs of your children. ■

Sample Ru	bric for	Grouping Ideas	
Key: Excelle	ed: <b>√</b> +	Met Expectation: ✓	In Progress: $\rightarrow$
Thinking			
	Produc	ced ideas that fit withi	n a given topic
		d ideas in order of imp ference)	oortance
	Used v	vords to identify ideas	



# A: Copywork 1<sup>1</sup>

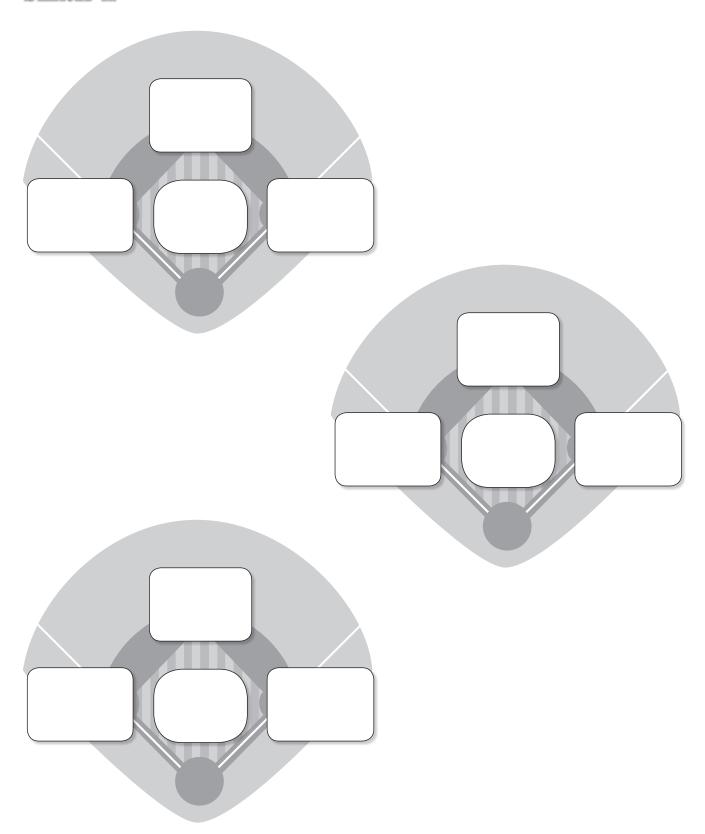
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	Mr. Davis put up a tent. He cut pieces of wood for chairs
an	d a table. Frank and Ellen brought pine branches and
the	eir mother made beds of them.
-	
_	
_	
_	
B: Co	opywork Application
	: Adjectives are Descriptive Words
1. (	Cookie (make it sound good):
2. (	Cookie (make it sound bad):
3.	Book (make it sound good):
4. I	Book (make it sound bad):
	Now, write a sentence about the cookie and one about the book. Then read them to your mom ad and see if they can tell whether you are trying to make the items sound good or bad.
5. (	Cookie:
_	
6.	Book:
J. 1	

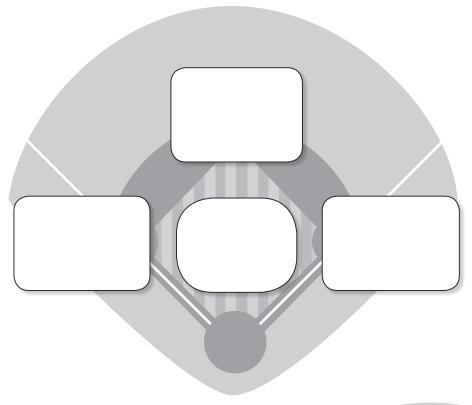
<sup>1.</sup> Clyde Robert Bulla, *The Secret Valley* (New York: Harper Trophy, 1977), 31.

# **C:** Writing with Diamond Notes

# Brawmin A

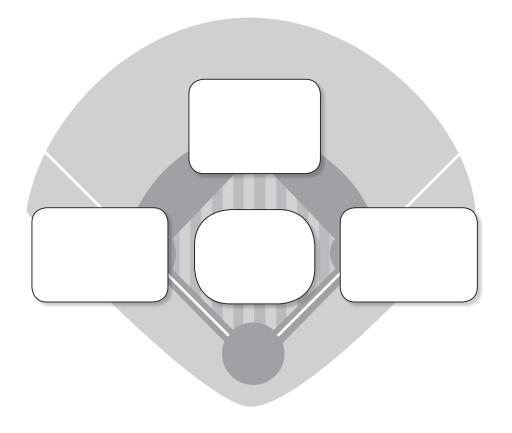


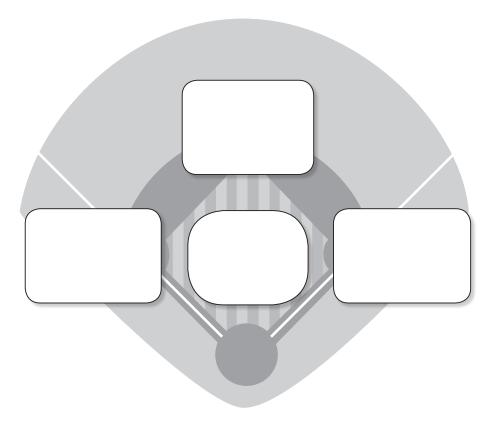






# **D: Writing with Diamond Notes**





Language Arts 2N		Week 3	3		Schedule
Date:	Day 1 11	Day 2 12	Day 3 13	Day 4 14	Day 5 15
Spelling					
Spelling	Rule & Write	Pre-Test	Check	Post-Test	
Activity	Sound Lists				
Optional: MCP Phonics C	pp. 19–21	p. 22	pp. 23–25	p. 26	
Handwriting					
Readers	,			,	
The Secret Valley	chap. 10	chaps. 11–12			
The Chalk Box Kid			chap. 1	chap. 2	
Vocabulary Develo	pment				
Optional: Wordly Wise B				Crossword 1 pp. 6–7	
<b>Creative Expression</b>	n				
	A: Copywork 1	B: Copywork Application	C: Writing with Diamond Notes	D: Writing with Diamond Notes	
		Other No	ites		

## Weekly Overview

### **Spelling/Phonics:**

Skill: Hard/soft c, hard/soft g

Sound Lists: Sort words according to consonant sound

### **Creative Expression:**

Copywork Application: Quotations; sentence forms

Writing with Diamond Notes: Write a concluding sentence that shows emotion

Writing with Diamond Notes: Write the topic as a phrase

# Day 1

### Spelling

### **Rule & Write**

Overview

Rule: Review the rule from last week.

Words: game, price, gym, guess, cake, slice, candle, cement, cab, giraffe



### **Hard and Soft Consonants**

Last week you learned about the hard and soft sounds that c and g can make. This week, we'll keep working on that rule. Here's a guessing game to get us started:

Write ga. Would this probably be a hard g or a soft g? (hard g) Why? (because it is followed by a) Write a blank line after ga. What word might this be? (answers vary) Write game. Game is one of your spelling words.

Write ce. Would this probably be a hard c or a soft c? (soft c) Why? (because it is followed by e) Write a blank line before ce. What word might this be? (answers vary) Write price. Price is one of your spelling words.

Continue prompting your children in this fashion using the word parts gy\_\_, gu\_\_, ca\_\_, \_\_ce, ca\_\_, ce\_\_, ca\_\_, gi\_\_.

### **Activity** | Sound Lists

Write your spelling words in four lists according to their sound (hard c, hard g, soft c, soft g). (cake, candle, cab; quess; price slice, cement; gym, giraffe)

### Optional: MCP Phonics C | pp. 19-21

pp. 19-20

Read and enjoy.

p. 21

1. pedal	2. happy	<b>3.</b> soap
<b>4.</b> dog	5. pedal	6. hated
<b>7.</b> bike	8. cowboy	<b>9.</b> cab
<b>10.</b> leaf	<b>11.</b> yellow	<b>12.</b> pedal
<b>13.</b> music	<b>14.</b> comic	<b>15.</b> room
<b>16.</b> soap	<b>17.</b> music	<b>18.</b> gas
<b>19.</b> room	<b>20.</b> hurry	<b>21.</b> near
<b>22.</b> near	<b>23.</b> funny	<b>24.</b> wagon
<b>25.</b> gas	<b>26.</b> wagon	<b>27.</b> dog
<b>28.</b> tow	<b>29.</b> hated	<b>30.</b> vat
<b>31.</b> zoo	<b>32.</b> hazy	<b>33.</b> jazz
<b>34.</b> funny	<b>35.</b> jiffy	<b>36.</b> leaf

### Readers

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapter 10

To Discuss After You Read

- Q: When the family moved their tent, did they move to a good spot?
- A: no—they were surprised by a flood in the middle of the night

### **Creative Expression**

### A: Copywork 1

Have your children write the copywork passage "A: Copywork 1" found on the **Week 3 Activity Sheet**.

### Optional: Copywork 21

Frank went with them every day. He watched them dig the ditch. He helped them build the dam of mud, sticks and stones.

### Day 2

### Spelling

### **Pre-Test**

Complete today's spelling lesson the same way you completed "Pre-Test" in Week 1. See the Week 1 Notes for more information.

**Words:** game, price, gym, guess, cake, slice, candle, cement, cab, giraffe

### Optional: MCP Phonics C | p. 22

<b>1.</b> got	2. certain	<b>3.</b> huge	<b>4.</b> gues
5. carefully	<b>6.</b> giant	<b>7.</b> can't	<b>8.</b> call

9. curtain carefully can't call

10. certain cement cent cell

11. got hug guess garden

12. gym huge gem giant

### Readers

### **The Secret Valley** | Chapters 11–12

To Discuss After You Read

- Q: Do Frank and his father find gold in the Secret Valley? Why did Father John send them there? [chap. 11]
- A: no; he knew it could be a good place for the family
- Q: Is there gold in the Secret Valley? [chap. 12]
- A: yes: Miss Polly gives them some because she is grateful her sister got better; there is gold in the flowers, in the sunshine, and on their cat's fur

### **Creative Expression**

### **B: Copywork Application**

☆ Prepare in Advance

Write the following on the board before you begin the lesson:

This is our cat, said Ellen.

<sup>1.</sup> Clyde Robert Bulla, The Secret Valley (New York: Harper Trophy, 1977), 64.

Also write the names of the four sentence types: declarative, interrogative, exclamatory and imperative.

### Overview

Introduce quotations and sentence forms with your children today.

### **Together**

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Quotations and Sentence Forms**

Read this sentence (indicate the one you wrote on the board) from your copywork passage. Which part of the sentence is spoken by Ellen? ("This is our cat") How do you know (quotation marks, attribution)

When we write what someone said word-for-word, we call it a quotation and place quotation marks around the exact words they spoke. Place quotation marks around "This is our cat" Quotations need attributions, or words that tell us who spoke. Underline the words "said Ellen." Sometimes the attribution comes before the quotation, sometimes it comes at the end, and sometimes it comes right in the middle, as in this example. When two characters speak back and forth several times, the author might drop the attribution after the first few lines of dialogue. Then you have to keep track in your head who is speaking.

The punctuation always goes inside the quotation marks.

Sentences come in four types: declarative, interrogative, exclamatory and imperative.

Declarative sentences end with a period ( . ) and make statements like:

Ellen went into the store.

Interrogative sentences end with a question mark (?) and ask questions like:

Is this your book?

**Exclamatory** sentences end with an exclamation point (!) and show excitement like:

Hooray!

Imperative sentences also end with a period, but imperatives are commands, and not just simple statements of fact:

Please take out the garbage.

### Activity

Have your children write a dialogue of three interactions on "B: Copywork Application" on the Week 3 Activity Sheet. Remind them to use quotation marks and attributions. Then, your children will identify different sentence types in the copywork passage and dictate their own sentences. If they are able, feel free to have your children write, rather than dictate, their own sentences.

### Week 3 Activity Sheet Answer Key

- 1. Answers will vary.
- 2. The cat put his head out of the tent. Answers will vary
- 3. Bless me! Answers will vary
- 4. What's this? Nugget? How are you, Nugget? Answers will vary

### Day 3

### Spelling

### Check

Complete today's spelling lesson the same way you completed "Check" in Week 1. See the Week 1 Notes for more information.

Words: game, price, gym, guess, cake, slice, candle, cement, cab, giraffe

Optional: MCP Phonics C | pp. 23–25

Read and discuss.

p. 25

picture:	<b>1.</b> fan		<b>2.</b> leaf		<b>3.</b> ax		
	<b>4.</b> hat		<b>5.</b> kit	:e	<b>6.</b> cat		
	<b>7.</b> han	ıd	<b>8.</b> su	n	<b>9.</b> rope	9	
	<b>10.</b> ca	ke	<b>11.</b> b	at	<b>12.</b> gla	ass	
color:	fan	ax	hat	cat	hand	bat	glass
circle acr	oss:	bat	ax	hat	glass		
circle do	wn:	hand	cat	fan			

### Readers

### The Chalk Box Kid | Chapter 1

### Setting

A new home and school.

Gregory's family moves after his father gets a new job. Gregory has a hard time adjusting to his new home and school, but when he finds a burned-out, abandoned warehouse next door, he has a place of his own. Then Mr. Hiller, who owns a nursery, offers plants and seeds to Gregory's class. Gregory has no place to grow crops, but he wants a garden, and so he creates one out of chalk in the warehouse.

### To Discuss After You Read

- Q: What did Gregory do on his birthday?
- A: stay with Aunt Grace all day

- Q: What turns the disappointing birthday into the best one ever?
- A: he gets a room of his own

### **Creative Expression**

### **C: Writing with Diamond Notes**

### **☆** Prepare in Advance

Read over Unit 3, Lesson 1 of Diamond Notes in Section **Three** before starting your instruction today.

For today's lesson, you will need:

• 3 copies of Diamond A (page 31) or use the **Week 3 Activity Sheet** 

### Overview

Write a concluding sentence that shows emotion.

### **Together**

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### **Sliding into Home**

Last week, you filled in three diamonds with favorites, ranking your ideas in order of importance. Let's start off like that again today. Fill in this first diamond with the topic "Favorite Drinks" and add your ideas.

You'll notice that this diamond now has a home plate on it. That's for your concluding, or ending, sentence. Think about your three ideas and how they are connected to the topic "Favorite Drinks." You'll write that as a sentence on home plate. Your sentence shouldn't be about just one of your ideas, but should be a bigger statement about all three ideas. It might help if you think about your feelings about this topic.

### Activity

Have your children fill in the diamonds in under "C: Writing with Diamond Notes" on the Week 3 Activity **Sheet** according to the directions in Lesson 1. If your children prefer a larger diamond than what we provide on the Activity Sheet, photocopy the reproducible full-page Diamond A on page 31 of the Diamond Notes in **Section** Three.

### Day 4

### Spelling

### **Post-Test**

Complete today's spelling lesson the same way you completed "Post-Test" in Week 1. See the Week 1 Notes for more information.

**Words:** game, price, gym, guess, cake, slice, candle, cement, cab, giraffe

### **Optional:** *MCP Phonics C* | p. 26

1. Ann had at 2. ran and Jack 3. Dad sand castles 4. swam fast raft

5. napped van back

### Readers

### The Chalk Box Kid | Chapter 2

To Discuss After You Read

- Q: Describe Uncle Max.
- A: twenty years old, with a red beard; he plays the guitar and makes up songs; usually unemployed; he thinks he is important and no one else is
- Q: Why does Gregory no longer have a room?
- A: Uncle Max takes over his room

### **Vocabulary Development**

### **Optional:** Wordly Wise B | Crossword 1, pp. 6–7

### **Across**

3. hatch 6. satchel 5 harrel

9. calendar 11. serpent

### Down

1. tackle 4. manhole 2. barrel 7. tackle 8. dart **10.** dart

### **Creative Expression**

### **D: Writing with Diamond Notes**

### **☆** Prepare in Advance

Read through Unit 3, Lesson 2 in the Diamond Notes section before starting today's lesson. You will need:

3 copies of Diamond A (page 31) or use the Week 3
 Activity Sheet

**Note:** The Diamond Notes your children complete today will be used in next week's lessons.

### Overview

Write the topic as a phrase.

### Together

Use the prompts that follow to begin today's activity with your children.

### The Pitcher's Mound

Today we'll keep working with Diamond Notes to identify a topic, rank three ideas in order of importance, and write a concluding sentence. Lately, you've been writing a lot of "favorite" topics. We've been using a topic on the pitcher's mound that sounds kind of like a title, "Favorite Snacks," "Favorite Subjects," and so on.

Today, I'll help you write topics that sound more like a phrase or a statement. Instead of just writing "Winter" for your first topic, you'll write "I Love Winter." Can you tell what kinds of ideas you should use to fill the bases? (reasons why Ilove winter). Good. Don't forget to write your ideas in order of importance and then finish with a concluding sentence.

### Activity

Have your children complete the diamonds under "D: Writing with Diamond Notes" on the **Week 3 Activity Sheet** according to the directions in Lesson 2. If your children prefer a larger diamond than what we provide on the Activity Sheet, photocopy the reproducible full-page Diamond A on page 31 of the Diamond Notes in **Section Three**.

### How to Evaluate This Assignment

This week's assignment will start to give you a better idea of how Diamond Notes serve as a strong outline for writing a paragraph. It's very important at this point that your children thoroughly understand how to use the diamonds and that they are doing good thinking. Next week, they will begin the transition to writing sentences based on their Diamond Notes.

Use the rubric below to help you evaluate this week's assignment. Feel free to adjust our rubric to meet the individual needs of your children. ■

Sample Rubrio	for C	Grouping Idea:	S	
Key: Excelled:	/+	Met Expectatio	n: <b>√</b>	In Progress: $\rightarrow$
Thinking				
Pro	oduce	ed ideas that fit	withi	n a given topic
		ideas in order o erence)	of imp	oortance
Us	ed wo	ords to identify	ideas	
	ote c	oncluding sent า	ences	that show



### A: Copywork 1<sup>1</sup>

"Nugget?" said Father John. "How are you, Nugget?"
"This is our cat," said Ellen. "This is Nugget."
"Bless me!" said Father John. "What's this?"
The cat pat his head out of the tent.

## **B: Copywork Application**

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1. Write dialog of three interactions that follow the prompt given.

The cat put his head out of the tent

"What did you do today?" Mom asked.

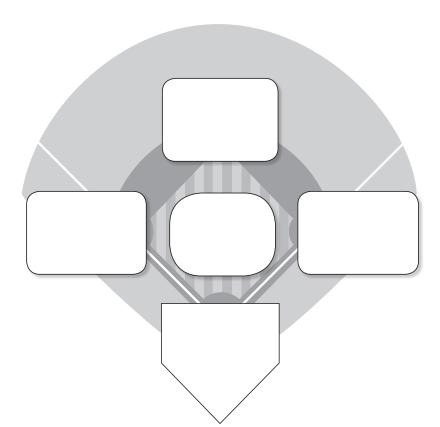
2. Underline the declarative sentences in yesterday's copywork. Dictate a declarative sentence.

3. Circle the exclamatory sentences in the copywork passage. Dictate an exclamatory sentence.

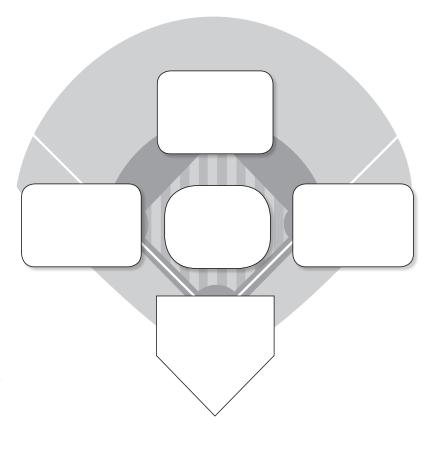
4. Put brackets [] around the interrogative sentences. Dictate an interrogative sentence.

### **C: Writing with Diamond Notes**

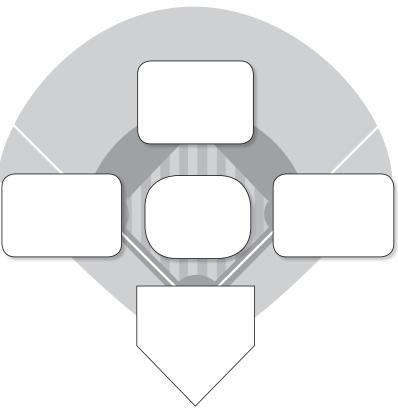




# C: Writing with Diamond Notes (cont.)

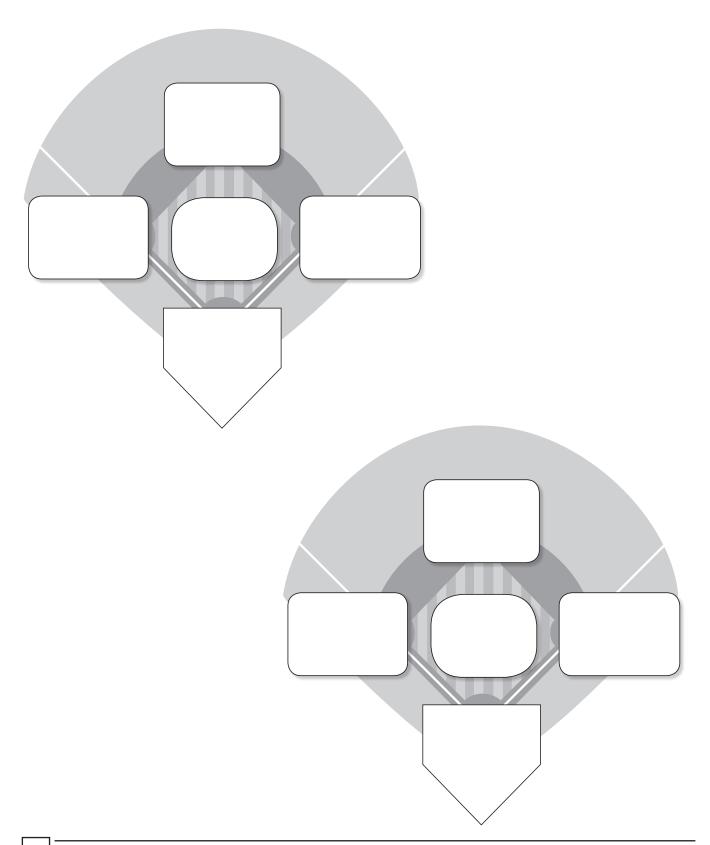


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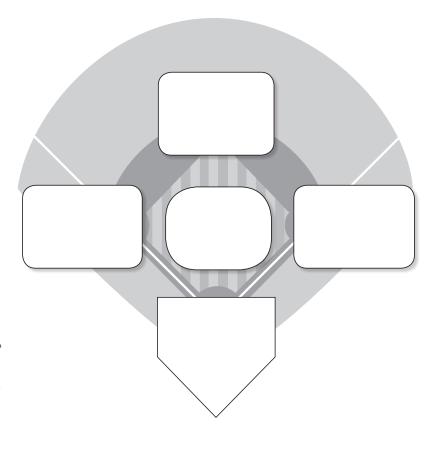


# **D: Writing with Diamond Notes**





# D: Writing with Diamond Notes (cont.)



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